HISTOLOGY SLIDES WITH IDENTIFICATION POINTS

FOR 1ST YEAR MBBS

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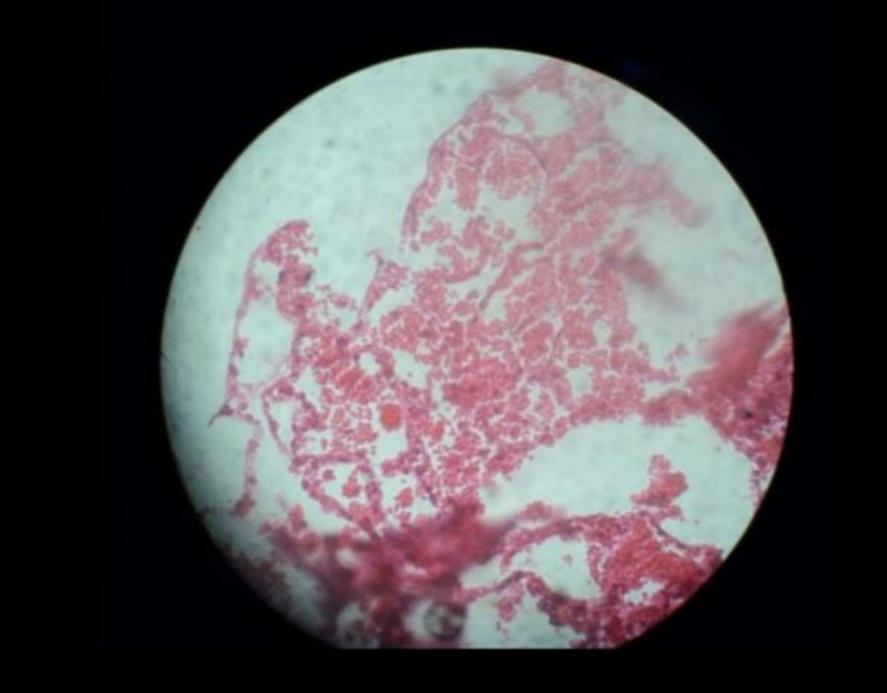
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IMPORTANT: Slides are followed by their identification points.

Happy learning! ☺





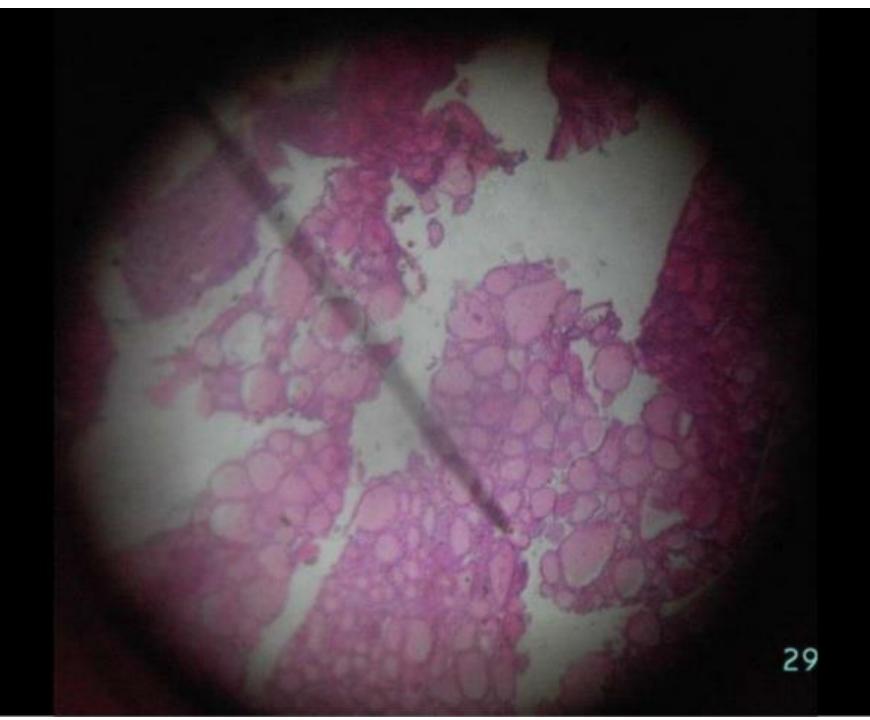
SIMPLE SQUAMOUS EPITHELIUM

- Appearance: Flattened cells
- Surface view: rounded central nucleus



SIMPLE CUBOIDAL EPITHELIUM

- Cuboidal cells
- Central rounded nuclei



STRATIFIED CUBOIDAL EPITHELIUM

- Multilayered Basal cells: high cuboidal or low columnar cells
- Surface layer: cuboidal

columnar epi with goble

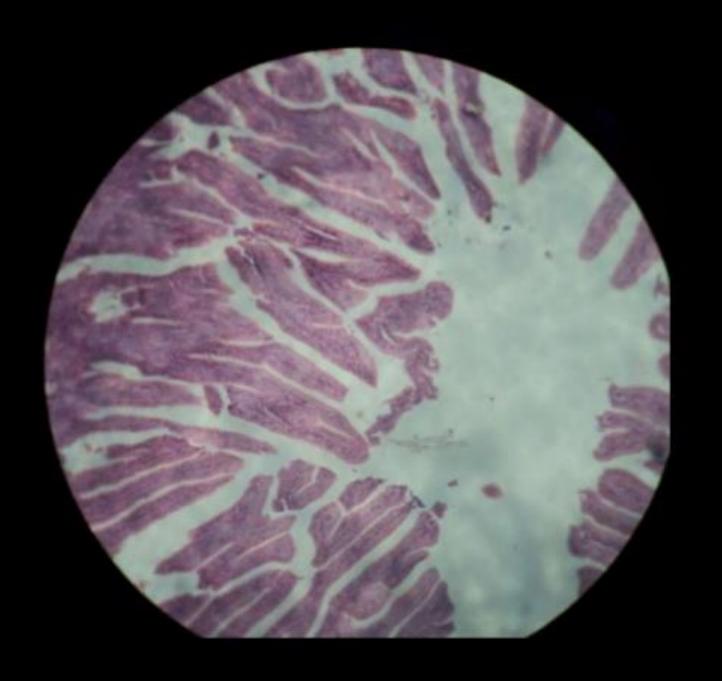
SIMPLE COLUMNAR EPITHELIUM WITH GOBLET CELLS

- Elongated column shaped cells (height is greater than width)
- Elongated basal nuclei



STRATIFIED SQUAMOUS NON KERATINIZED EPITHELIUM

- Surface squamous flattened cells
- No keratin



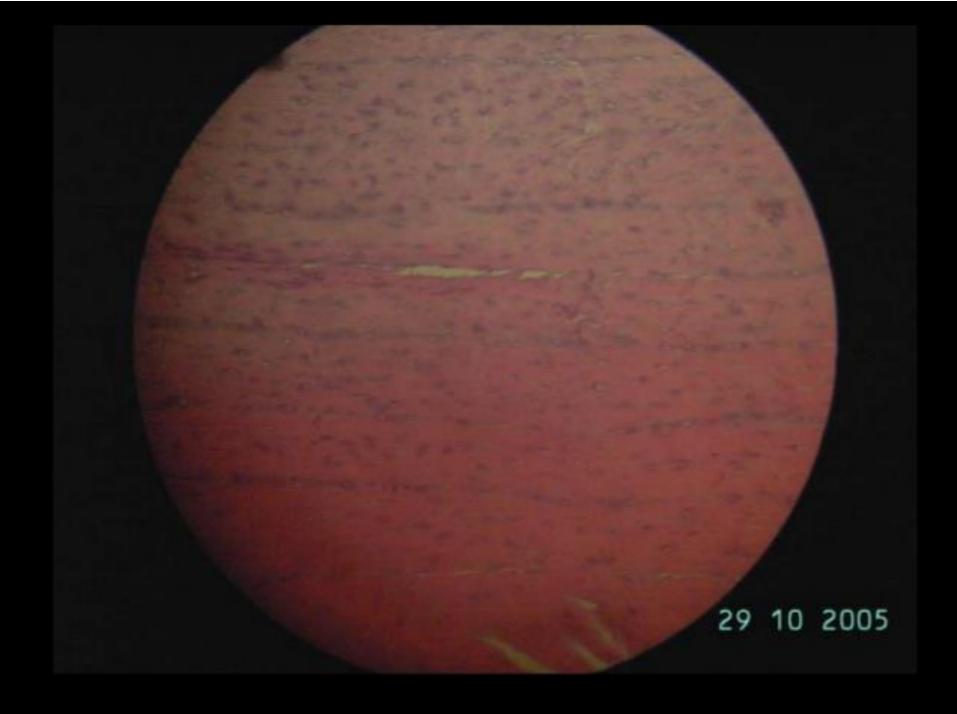
SIMPLE COLUMNAR EPITHELIUM

- Single layer of elongated cells
- Height of cell is greater than width of cell with elongated basal nuclei



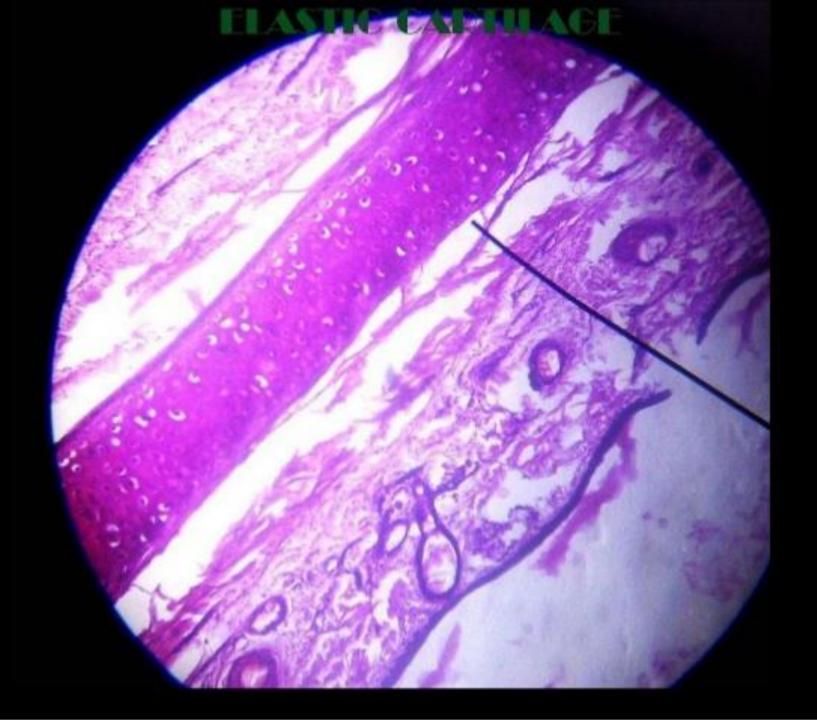
PSEUDO STRATIFIED COLUMNAR EPITHELIUM

- Single layer of cells
- Nuclei lying at different levels; give the false appearance of "stratified"epithelium



FIBRO CARTILAGE

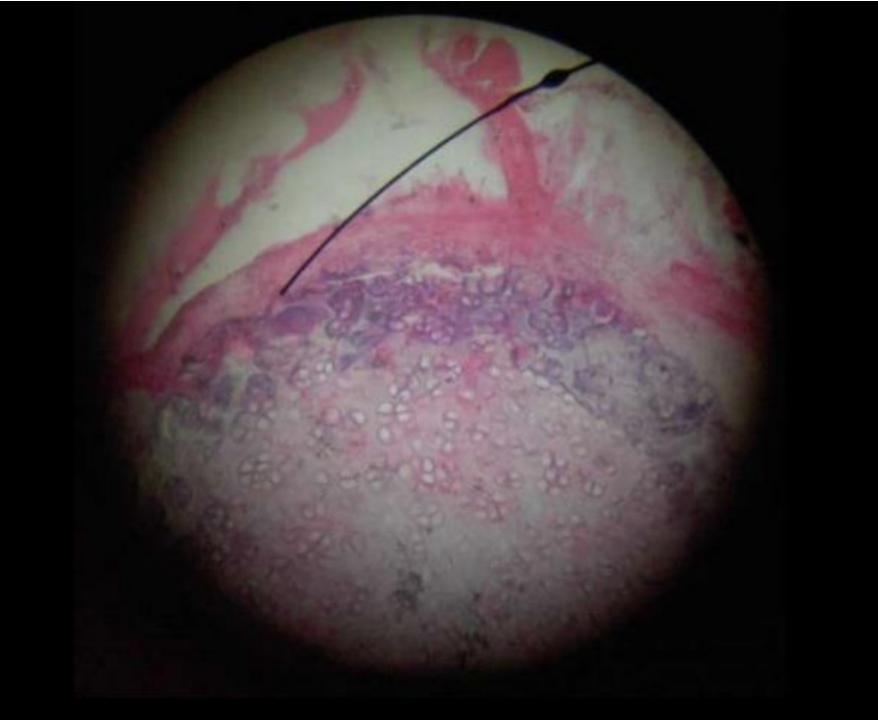
- No perichondrium
- Chondrocytes within lacunae, arranged in rows



ELASTIC CARTILAGE

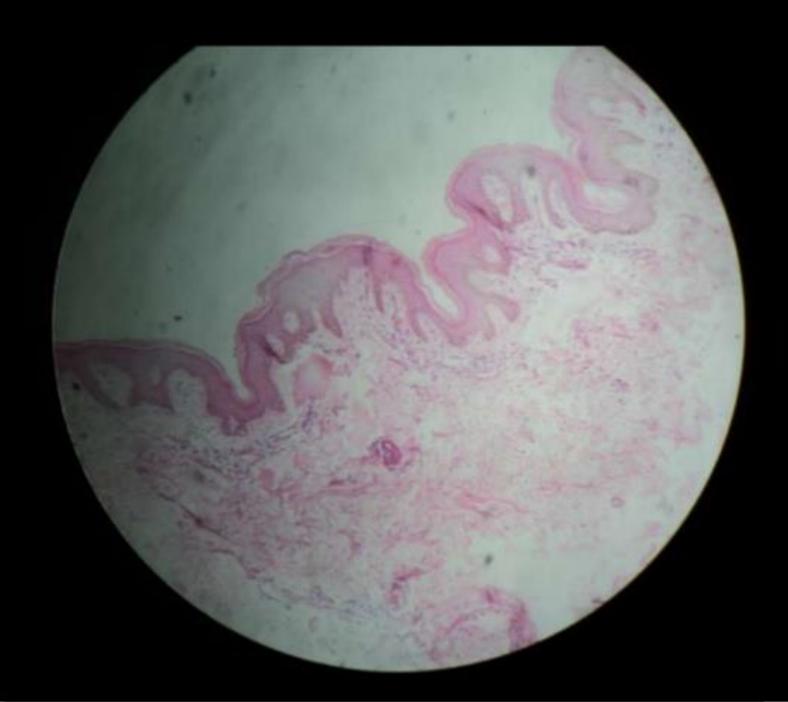
IDENTIFICATION

- Perichondrium is present
- Elastic fibres in matrix
- Chondrocytes in lacunae in the form of isogenous groups



HYALINE CARTILAGE

- Dense Irregular CT (perichondrium)
- Chondrocytes (in the form of isogenous groups) within lacunae
- Visibility to naked eye: Bluish white translucent appearance



THIN SKIN

- Stratified squamous keratinized epithelium
- Hair follicles and roots present
- Sebaceous and sweat glands present



THICK SKIN

- Stratified squamous keratinized epithelium
- No hair roots and follicles
- Pacinian corpuscles



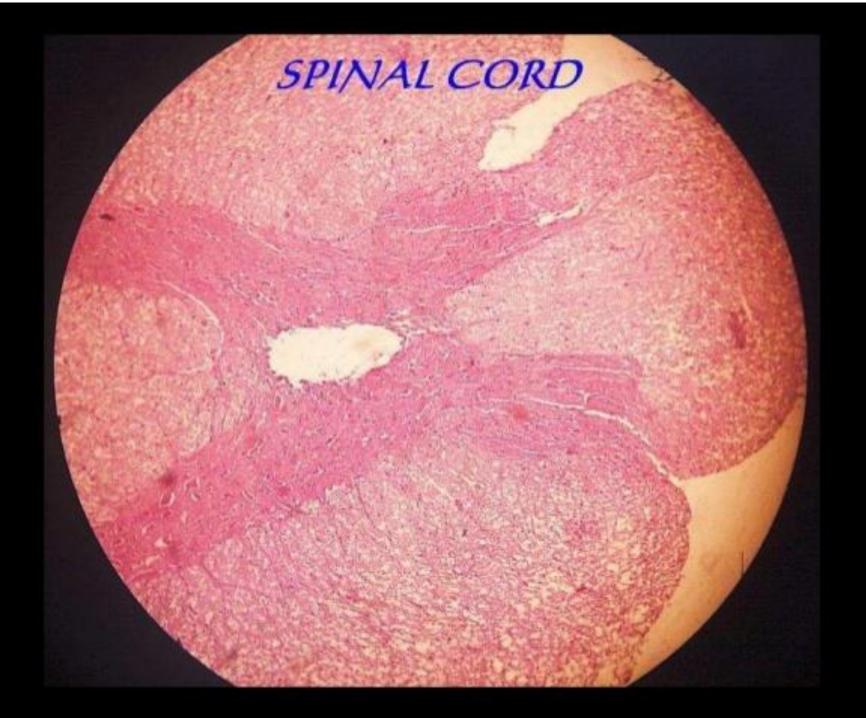
DENSE REGULAR CONNECTIVE TISSUE

- Parallel collagen fibers in the form of bundles
- Compressed elongated fibroblasts between the collagen fibers



MUCOUS ACINI

- Pyramidal cells
- Flattened nuclei towards the base



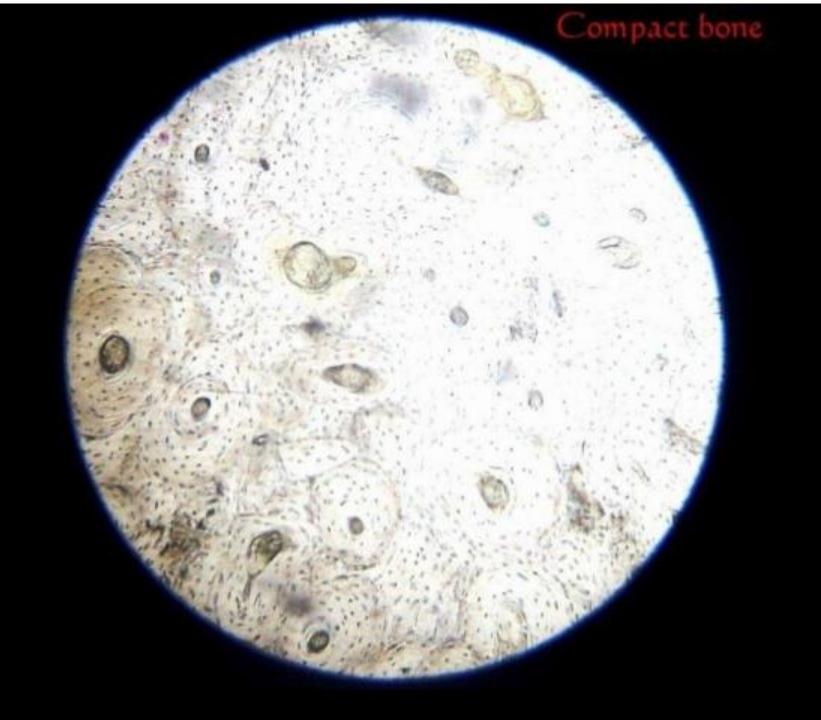
SPINAL CORD

- Central canal
- Butterfly shaped grey matter
- Dorsal median sulcus and ventral median fissure (depending on the portion under examination)



ARTICULAR CARTILAGE

- Superficial tangential layer
- Intermediate transitional layer
- Radial zone
- Calcified zone



COMPACT BONE

- Haversion Canal
- Lamellae
- Osteocytes in lacunae



SPONG BONES

- Trabeculae
- Red marrow



CARDIAC MUSCLE

- Striated Appearance
- Intercalated discs



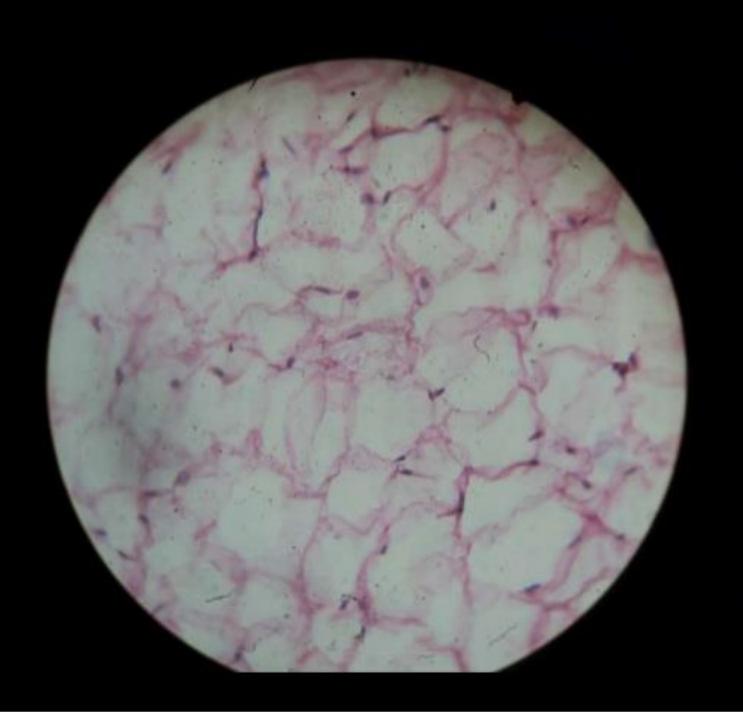
SMOOTH MUSCLE

- Non-striated appearance
- Single central nucleus
- Spindle shaped cells



SKELETAL MUSCLES

- Characteristic striated appearance
- Peripheral nuclei
- Nucleus ovoid in shape



ADIPOSE TISSUE

- Unilocular
- Nuclei towards periphery



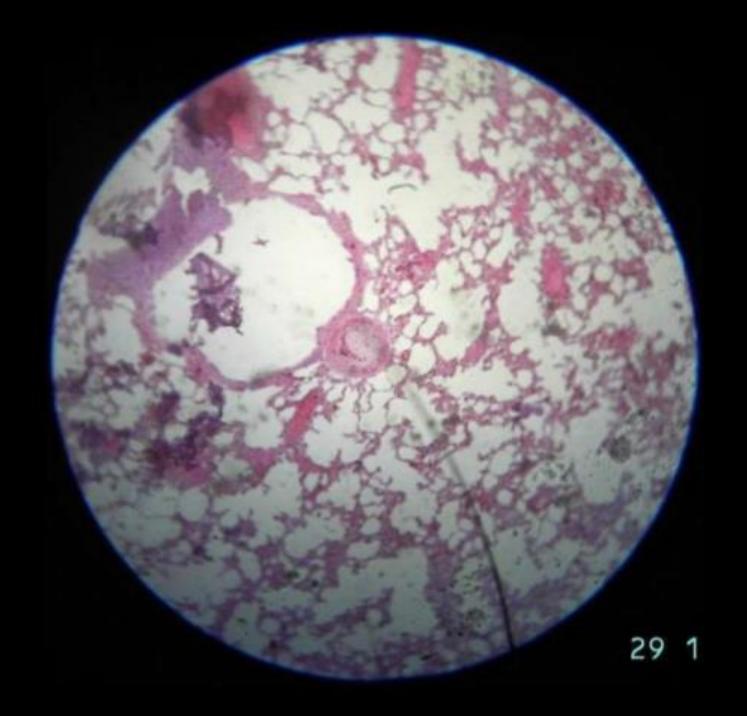
ELASTIC ARTERY

- No distinct outer and inner elastic membranes
- Tunica adventitia: merges with CT, contains vasa vasorum
- Tunica media: elastic fibres are present in a large amount



SPLEEN

- Red pulp: splenic cord and venous sinuses
- White pulp: contains lymphatic nodules and germinal centre



LUNGS

- Alveoli: Type I alveolar cells (simple squamous epithelium); Type II alveolar cells (cuboidal cells)
- Respiratory bronchioles: lined by simple cuboidal epithelium



THYMUS

- Medulla is lightly stained
- Hassall's corpuscles in medulla



TONSIL

- Stratified squamous non keratinized epithelium
- Crypt
- Trabeculae
- Lymphatic nodules

THE END

THANK YOU!

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